Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## CS270 Homework Assignment 1 "Number Crunching"

Due Thursday, September 1 (start of class)
Homework and programming assignments are to be done individually.

## Goals

To understand data representation in a computer, including boolean, integer, floating point, and character values, and the associated logical and arithmetic operations.

Please write the answers clearly in the space provided. You must show all work if you wish to be eligible for partial credit. If necessary, show your work on a separate sheet, clearly labeled with the question number, and attach it to your submission.

## The Assignment

Question 1 (10 points): There are 17 keys on a standard numeric keypad. If each key is to be represented by a single, unique combination of bits, what is the minimum number of bits needed to represent all 17 keys? If you use exactly this minimum number of bits, how many additional keys could you represent?

Minimum number of bits: $\qquad$
Number of additional keys you could represent: $\qquad$
Question 2 (10 points): What are the binary and hexadecimal representations of the decimal value 87654321?

Binary: $\qquad$
Hexadecimal: 0x $\qquad$
Question 3 (10 points): What is the range of unsigned integers that can be stored using 14 bits? What is the range for signed integers stored represented in 1's and 2's complement, with the same number of bits?

Range of unsigned integers: $\qquad$ to $\qquad$
Range of signed integers: $\qquad$ to $\qquad$ (1's complement)

Range of signed integers: $\qquad$ to $\qquad$ (2's complement)

Question 4 (10 points): Show the 2's complement addition of -27 plus +31 , with both numbers in binary using 6 bits. Hint: make sure that the resulting binary number corresponds to the correct answer.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ (31) $=$ $\qquad$

Question 5 ( 10 points): Show the 2's complement subtraction of +28 minus +12 , with both numbers in binary using 6 bits. Hint: make sure that the resulting binary number corresponds to the correct answer.
(28) - $\qquad$ (12) $=$ $\qquad$
Question 6 (10 points): Show the results of the following bitwise operations (using the same number of bits as shown in each problem):

NOT(1011 01010100 ) $\qquad$
11101001 OR 01010001 $\qquad$
01000110 AND 01110100 = $\qquad$
11010100 XOR $11110110=$ $\qquad$
NOT(0000 0101 XOR 0100 1011) = $\qquad$
Question 7 (10 points): Show the results of the following bitwise operations:
$\sim(0 x A 345 \& 0 x B 789)=0 x$ $\qquad$
(0xFFF2 ^ 0xA1E2) $\mid 0 x D 357=0 x$ $\qquad$
Question 8 (10 points): Find the floating-point numbers from the following values (assuming IEEE754 32-bit floating-point representation):
$0 \times 40 \mathrm{D} 00000=$ $\qquad$ f
$11000000100010000000000000000000=$ $\qquad$ f

Question 9 (10 points): Find the binary and hexadecimal numbers for the following floating-point values in IEEE 16-bit floating-point representation (note that this is different from the format in the book - review the lecture notes and see http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Half_precision):
$12.75 \mathrm{f}=0 \mathrm{x}$ $\qquad$ (hexadecimal)
$4.625 f=$ $\qquad$ (binary)

Question 10 (10 points): Translate the following strings into ASCII values and vice versa:
"FlipFlop" = 0x $\qquad$
$0 x 4162737472616374696 f 6 \mathrm{E}="$ $\qquad$

## Submission Instructions

All written homework assignments are due at the beginning of class Thursday on the due date.

## Late Policy

Late assignments will be accepted up to 48 hours past the due date with a deduction of $10 \%$ per 24 hours. Late assignments will not be accepted after 48 hours. Late submissions must be made via RamCT (.txt or .pdf files only).

